

NAGOYA – KUALA LUMPUR SUPPLEMENTARY PROTOCOL (N-KL SP) ON LIABILITY AND REDRESS AND "THE COMPACT"

Phil Goldberg

1

20 November 2015

Liability & Redress

- Cartegena Protocol on Biosafety (BSP)
- Article 27: Directed Parties to Adopt a Process for Liability and Redress
- 10 Year Process
 - Initial Gridlock
 - Period of Engagement
 - Introduction of "The Compact"
 - Parallel Track to Completion in 2010

Supplementary Protocol

- Basic Framework for Liability & Redress
- Transboundary Movements of LMOs
- Administrative Process
- Clear Definitions of Key Terms

3

Supplementary Protocol

- Clear scope and definitions those in N-KL SP should be incorporated:
 - Damage;
 - "<u>Significant</u>" <u>adverse effect</u>; and
 - <u>Response measures</u>.
- "<u>Operator</u>" : holds persons in operational control responsible.
- The requirements of both factual and legal <u>causation</u>.
- Appropriate <u>defenses</u> to protect against unfair imposition of responsibility.
- Response measures which are consistent with the N-KL SP definition and focused on <u>remediation</u>.
- Reasonable <u>financial and time limitations</u> for claims.

Supplementary Protocol

- Enter Into Force After Deposit of the 40th Instrument of Ratification, Acceptance, Approval or Accession.
- Complex Process for Ratifying Party
- 18 Separate References to Domestic Law
- Assessment & Development of Domestic Law

SHOOK

The "Compact"

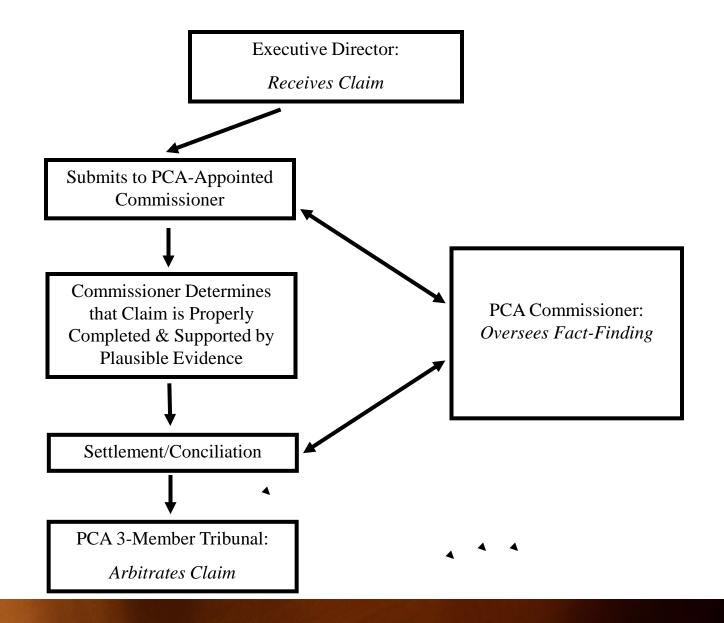
A Contractual Mechanism for Response in the Event of Damage to Biological Diversity Caused by the Release of a Living Modified Organism

- **Private Sector Initiative = Voluntary Binding Contract**: Each Member of the Compact agrees that it will timely respond to damage to biological diversity caused by the release of an LMO by that Member.
- Designed to be a fair, accessible, and efficient system:
 - Fully developed, clearly defined and self-contained process;
 - Any W.T.O. or U.N. Member can initiate a claim supported by science-based evidence;
 - Timely resolution of a claim administered by the Permanent Court of Arbitration; and
 - Qualified neutrals make all decisions and have access to independent experts.



- Technology Provider Is Responsible for Its Own LMO: Compact Members can be responsible for responding under the Compact even when responsibility might fall to others in the supply & use chain under otherwise applicable law. There are clearly defined defenses, such as misuse.
- Complements N-KL Supplementary Protocol with a Form of Financial Security: The Compact assures both access to those who release LMOs and their ability to pay.
- An Option for States: States choose whether to seek redress under the Compact. The Compact provides States with a meaningful opportunity to seek Response under the Compact in lieu of other redress mechanisms that may be available to the State.

Claims & Assessment Process Flow Chart



The Compact's Relation to the N-KL SP

- The Compact provides an example of a mechanism that affords financial security, consistent with principles underlying insurability and of domestic business and corporation laws
- The Compact also provides examples of reasonable and practical provisions that address the issues left by the N-KL SP to *domestic law* or not covered by the N-KL SP at all, including:
 - Considerations and Elements in Determining Damage
 - Causation
 - Channeling of Responsibility
 - Defences
 - Misuse
 - Time & Financial Limitations

9

Core Principles for Fair Liability

- Protection of biological diversity as a "public good" by the State.
- Science-based evidence and decisions.
- Responsibility channeled to "operator" who caused the damage.
- Legal due process for those against whom claims are made.
- Independent unbiased decision-makers.
- Respect for precedent in the country's legal system. There is no need to change basic approaches to liability and redress.
- Practical and fair application.
- Encourages Social Responsibility: enabling the use of technology that is essential to food and agricultural security while appropriately protecting biological diversity.

10

Now What?

- Ratification and Implementation
- CropLife International Implementation Guide
- Compact Remains Available Option for States

Coexistence Lessons Learned

- Engagement & Communication
 - Leads to Proper Results
 - Perception of Legal Risk vs. Actual Risk
- Fair Liability System
 - Increased Acceptance
 - Encourages Beneficial Behaviors
 - Reduces Trade Barriers