Create a Google Scholar Profile and calculate your h-index

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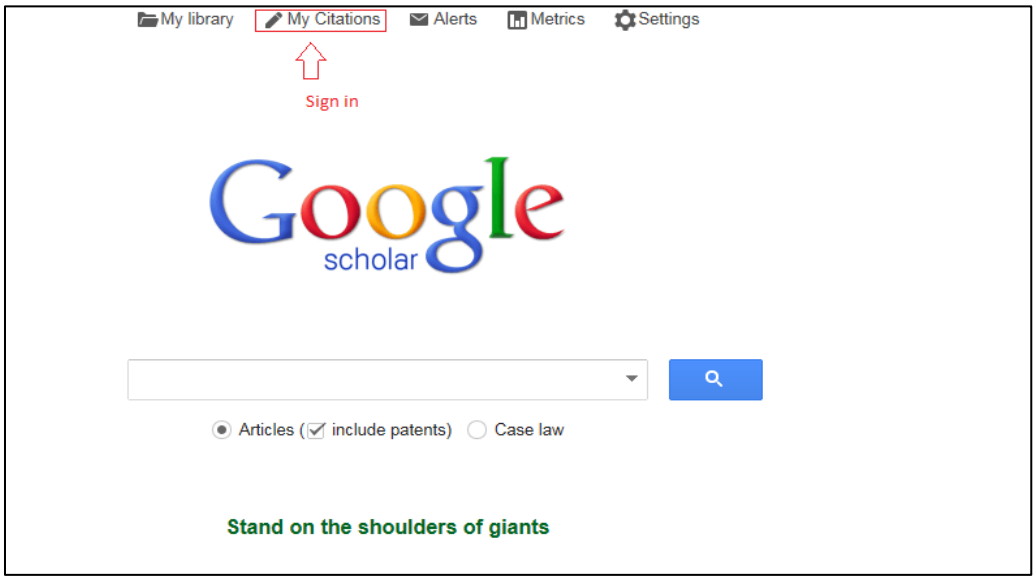
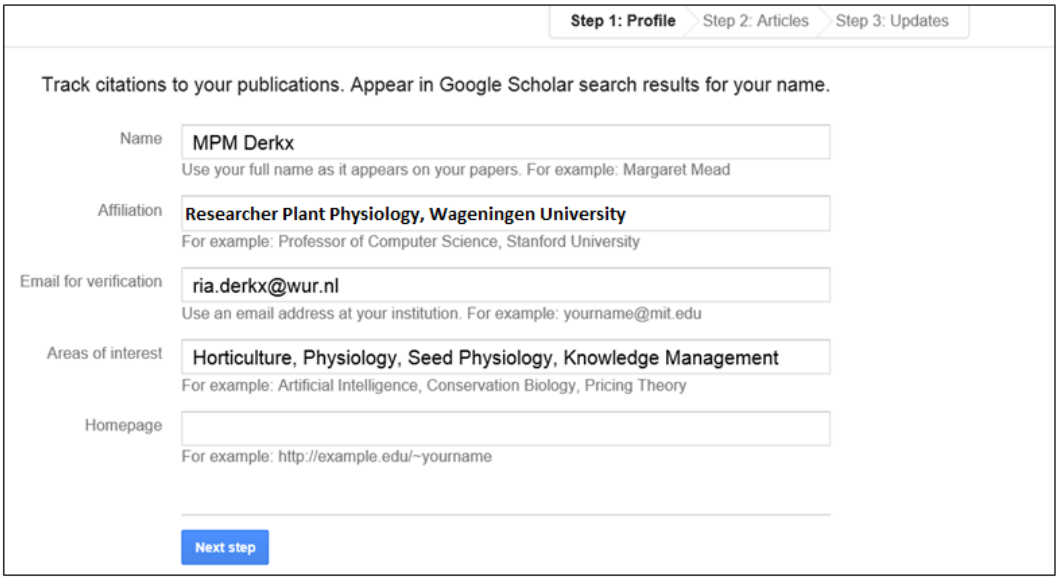
Web of Science and SCOPUS both allow you to check and calculate your citations and h-index. But both databases are limited to peer-reviewed journals (and some books, chapters and proceedings). Other scientific publications are not covered. Google Scholar is changing this. You can check your Google citations on the following way.

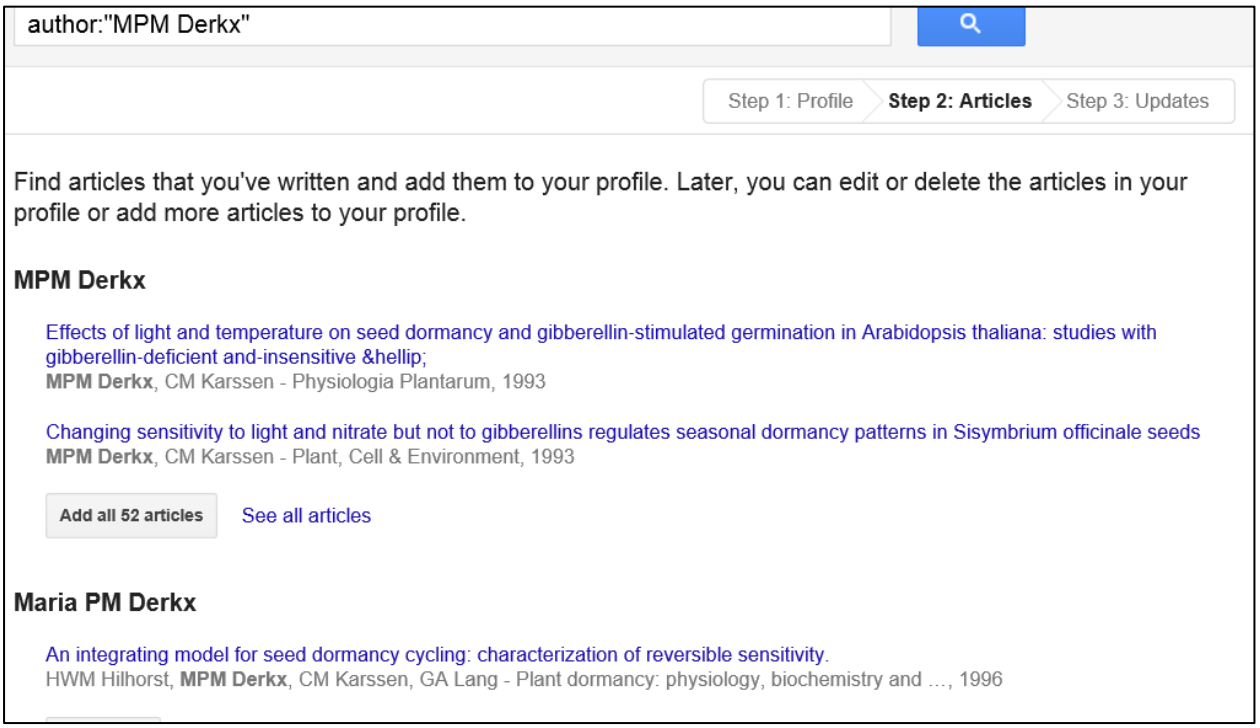
1. Go to Google Scholar (http://scholar.google.com) and sign in by clicking on My Citations. It is not necessary to use your wur-email here. You just can use your private google account or create one.



2. After that, create a Google.scholar profile (Step 1) by filling in the form. In this case your wur-email address is necessary for verification purposes.



After finishing, click on 'next step'. Then you search for your publications (Step 2). Be aware that different alternatives of your name may be available (e.g. MPM Derkx, Maria PM Derkx, R Derkx), so check if different author names (e.g. MPM Derkx or R Derkx) yield different (groups of) papers. Add your papers to the list, either as groups of papers (in the example below 'add all 52 articles' or as individual ones. Be sure that you include all papers.



After finishing, click on 'next step'. You can then check the created list of publications. You can still add publications to this list by clicking on 'add' button. By selecting individual papers you see 'merge', 'delete' and 'export' buttons. Publications that are not yours can be removed then. Publications that are listed more than once can be merged. You can also add suggested co-authors. You can complete your profile by adding a photo and make your profile public. If you make your profile public, it is visible for everybody and everybody can immediately link to your papers, thereby creating a better exposure to your papers. By clicking on the 'follow' button you can create an alert to follow new articles and to follow new citations.

Your h-index is given on your profile page. This profile page looks like:

Change photo

Ria Derkx

Edit | Follow

Researcher Plant Physiology, Cultivation, Propagation at Wageningen UR

Horticulture, Physiology, Seed Physiology, Knowledge Management, Extensive Literature Search

Verified email at wur.nl

My profile is public

Google Scholar

Citation indices	All	Since 2010
Citations	445	83
h-index	10	6
i10-index	10	3

Co-authors Edit...

No co-authors

Title | Add | More | 1–20 | Cited by | Year

Effects of light and temperature on seed dormancy and gibberellin-stimulated germination in Arabidopsis thaliana: studies with gibberellin-deficient and-insensitive mutants. MPM Derkx, CM Karssen Physiologia Plantarum 89 (2), 360-368	89	1993
Changing sensitivity to light and nitrate but not to gibberellins regulates seasonal dormancy patterns in Sisymbrium officinale seeds MPM Derkx, CM Karssen Plant, Cell & Environment 16 (5), 469-479	71	1993
Gibberellins in seeds of Arabidopsis thaliana: biological activities, identification and effects of light and chilling on endogenous levels MPM Derkx, E Vermeer, CM Karssen Plant Growth Regulation 15 (3), 223-234	68	1994
Variability in light-, gibberellin-and nitrate requirement of Arabidopsis thaliana seeds due to harvest time and conditions of dry storage MPM Derkx, CM Karssen Journal of plant physiology 141 (5), 574-582	48	1993
Are seasonal dormancy patterns in Arabidopsis thaliana regulated by changes in seed sensitivity to light, nitrate and gibberellin? MPM Derkx, CM Karssen Annals of Botany 73 (2), 129-136	44	1994